

TELEGRAPHIC TOAST.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT IN KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

Senator Payard's law Partner Remond-Reynold Negroes Remanded—The Chisholm Murderers—Quinine.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 3.—Intense excitement prevailed here last night in consequence of the statement that the U. S. Attorney is directed to read the President's proclamation at an Oklahoma meeting in the Merchants' Exchange to-day.

Last night great preparations were made for the meeting. Speeches were made by Colonel Bourdonnet, Ex-Congressman Franklin, General Blair, Hon. Sidney Clark and others. Companies are organized here and there are concerted measures for a successful rally. The people are unanimously in favor of Senator Payard's bill but they are bound to go into the territory at all hazards.

Troops are scattered all along the frontier, but the leaders who come to Kansas City yesterday, say they can put 2000 men on the march at three days' notice. There is fear of blood shed unless the President's order is modified so as to allow the settlers to go upon ceded lands.

Senator Payard's law Partner Remond, Pepper, law partner of Senator Payard, was found dead in bed here this morning. It is believed he died from apoplexy during the night.

Chisholm Murderers.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The trial of Virgil Gully for murder of Ex-Senator John C. Fremont, one of the victims of the Chisholm massacre, commenced at Dekalb, Miss., on Monday next. District Attorney Ford conducted the prosecution and assisted by Judge Ward, United States District Attorney for the Southern District of Mississippi. Mrs. Gilmer, widow of murdered man leaves Washington to-morrow to attend the trial as a witness.

Reynold Negroes Remanded—DANVILLE, March 3.—M. H. Tredday, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue was convicted of indecent exposure in the United States District Court here to-day. Judge Rives to day remanded Reynold's brothers (colored) to the Sheriff of Patrick county in accordance with the recent decision of United States Supreme Court.

Destructive Fire.

MEMPHIS, March 3.—The fire in Brinkleyville, Arkansas, early yesterday morning destroyed a large hotel owned by Grum & Black. Loss ten thousand dollars. Insured. The president of the hotel was occupied by the officers of the Northern Express Company and the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad and their papers and valuables were destroyed. Several commercial travelers barely escaped with their lives.

New York Municipal Elections.—ROCHESTER, March 3.—Parsons, a Republican, is re-elected mayor by a majority of 43,000 over Fitzsimmons, a Democrat, and Spencer, a Democrat, a Democrat, is elected mayor. The council is a tie.

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Senate in executive session to-day, confirmed the following nominations: To be Supervisor of Census for the first district of Alabama, Wm. H. Moore; William Handy for the second district of Mississippi. To be postmaster—W. C. Wilkinson at Donaldsonville, La.; and Charles Miller at Morgan City, Louisiana.

Foreign Flashes.

LONDON, March 3.—A St. Petersburg dispatch says the illuminations and the performance passed off quietly. Mr. Whitworth, a Liberal, was elected yesterday at Dragage to fill vacant in the House of Commons made vacant by the death of Alfred, Lord Ruler.

5,000,000.00 a Change Hands.—SACRAMENTO, March 3.—J. W. Mackey has purchased from J. C. Bell, the entire interest in the mining and milling properties of the firm in Comstock Mine. Mackey declines to make a definite statement as to the amount, but it is believed to be in excess of five million dollars.

Burning of a Large Wagon Factory.—MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 2.—A fire occurred yesterday morning at the wagon manufacturing of James Rouse & Graham, on Jefferson street, adjoining Leubrecht's. The factory was the largest in the South. The fire originated in the paint room. The building was totally destroyed, loss about \$65,000, including about \$35,000 on the stock. Insurance \$17,500.

The Proposed Monument to the Prince Imperial.—Surprise is expressed in the London Times by several French Republican newspapers at the revival of the scheme of a monument to the Prince Imperial in Westminster Abbey. They say the English government and nation of any nature in the matter, but they urge that, whatever pity the Prince's fate originally produced, the disclosures of his own partisans as to his fixed purpose of a hostile landing in France should have dictated the abandonment of so ostentatious a government.

Going to Kick.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The paper-makers of the North are unanimously agreed to make a vigorous effort to prevent legislation by Congress abolishing the tariff on articles used in paper manufacture.

Nihilist Work Again.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 3.—General Melnikoff, chief of the new supreme executive commission, was fired at by a young man with a revolver this afternoon, while alighting from a carriage in Grand Moskva street, but escaped unhurt. The would be assassin was immediately seized by a Cossack.

A Freshet in the Niagara River.

SUSPENSION BRIDGE, N. Y., March 2.—The water in the Niagara River has been greatly swollen during the last few days by the recent rains. The ice bridge has broken up. About 100 feet of the mill race recently built under the railway suspension bridge has been carried away; also the platform situated at the whirlpool rapids, which extended some fifteen feet from the shore, at a height of six feet above the ordinary level of the water. The water in the river was higher last night than it has been for many years previous.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKINGS.

Vera Sassulitch has not been arrested. The Czar had his holiday without any dynamite.

The new German army bill was referred to a committee of twenty. Gen. Grant was treated to a grand review of troops at the city of Mexico yesterday.

A member of the British Parliament has been arrested for charging a committee with corruption.

The report of the disruption of the alliance between Bolivia and Peru is confirmed.

Charles Webster, convicted at Louisville, Ky., of outraging a little girl, and Frederick the Louisville rifle murderer, will be hanged April 21.

George Woods, who was on trial at Evansville, Ind., for the murder of Mrs. Millie Hobbs, committed suicide Monday night by taking an overdose of morphine.

The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company have decided to advance its Eastern prices of coal from 10 cents a ton, according to grade, to take effect on the 15th instant.

The receipts of lumber at Chicago in 1879 were 1,467,000 feet, only a trifling amount coming from Canada. The increase for the year was 21 per cent, or about 300,000,000 feet. The sales in 1879 were 1,272,000,000 feet, at satisfactory prices.

The Toledo, Delphos and Burlington Railroad Company undertook to lay a trolley track along Canal street, Toledo, Ohio, yesterday, without legal permission, when the citizens turned out en masse, men and women, drove the workmen off with mud and stones, tore up the rails and the rails and pithed them in the canal.

A call has been issued for a meeting of the Virginia State central convention to be held in Richmond next Wednesday, March 10, the object being to issue a call for a State convention to appoint delegates to the democratic national convention.

The surviving party of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, in attempting to run its line across the Sioux reservation, were stopped at one point by Red Shirt and his braves, who demanded that the party should leave the reservation at once, and at another point by White Ghost, with a following of Brules, who forced them to abandon the effort.

The Quinine Question.—WASHINGTON, March 3.—The House committee on Ways and Means gave a hearing to-day to a number of manufacturers of quinine who desire that the duty on the imported article technically known as "sulphate of quinine" which was removed by an act of Congress in 1874, be restored to the rate of last year, that is, 10 per cent. The manufacturers urge that while the duty on quinine has been removed, articles from which it is manufactured are taxed. To offset these taxes on raw materials from which quinine is made and give them a fair chance with foreign quinine, they urge an imposition of duty of at least ten per cent, on imported quinine. They also presented a memorial signed by the druggists of the United States, in which they urge a country favoring a duty of ten per cent, a dividend on foreign quinine, for the reason that American quinine is of inferior quality to foreign and should be protected.

A Big Explosion and a Large Fire.—NEW YORK, March 3.—A Rochester paper states that about half past four o'clock yesterday morning a large explosion took place in the business part of the village, was discovered to be on fire. Another explosion occurred and the roof of Tulley's building was hurled to the ground in fragments; and almost immediately a third explosion occurred in an adjoining building, and in a few minutes the fire spread along the whole street. The fire apparatus was in one of the first, which was on fire, and there was nothing with which to fight the fire. Aid was telegraphed from Rochester, but before a response could be made to the call the entire business portion of Bergen was in flames. The fire spread rapidly, and nine dwellings were destroyed. The fire was plainly the work of an incendiary, as evidences of a train of powder from the barn to the buildings where the second and third explosions occurred, could be easily traced while the fire was raging. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Supreme Court.—Court opened at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. All the Justices were present.

Appeals from the Eighth Judicial District were called, and causes disposed of as follows:

State vs. Andy Davis et al., from Watkinson; argued by J. L. Henry for the plaintiff, and J. M. McGee for the defendant.

State vs. Snow Moore et al., from Iredeed; argued by J. L. Henry for the plaintiff, and J. M. McGee for the defendant.

Willard Turner, adm'r, vs. J. B. Gaither et al., from Catawba; argued by J. M. McGee for the plaintiff, and Merriam, Fuller & Fuller for the defendant.

J. E. Neely et al. vs. R. H. Neely, from Iredeed; argued by Reede, Justice in spirit and in fact, for the plaintiff, and J. M. McGee and J. M. Clement for the defendant.

Bank of Statesville vs. S. P. Graham et al., from Iredeed; argued by J. M. McGee for the plaintiff, and Scott & Caldwell (by brief) for the defendant.

J. and I. McEwen vs. W. F. Blackwell et al., from Catawba; argued by J. M. McGee for the plaintiff, and Merriam, Fuller & Fuller for the defendant.

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Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning, when the consideration of appeals from the Eighth District will be resumed.

The Dominion Parliament has adopted an address to the Governor-General, congratulating him on the occasion of the Princess Louise and himself from any serious danger occasioned by the untoward accident which occurred on the 14th ult.

Queen Victoria's income is \$6,300 a day. The Czar has more than any other European sovereign—\$25,000 a day.

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MIDNIGHT MISSILES.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS OF THE 46TH CONGRESS.

Relief for Zachary Taylor's Relatives—Removal of Causes from State to Federal Courts.

By Telegraph to the News.—SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War transmitting, in response to a Senate resolution, information regarding the number, age, rank, etc., of officers retired from the army since the act of June 18th, 1878.

Senator Garland, from the committee on Judiciary, reported adversely on the Senate bill to extend the jurisdiction of the Northern District of Texas.

Senator Thurman, from the same committee, reported adversely on several bills for the removal of political disabilities of individuals.

Senator Carpenter, of Iowa, the same committee, reported adversely on a House bill to provide for the appointment of additional clerks in the Western Judicial District of North Carolina.

Senator Jones introduced a bill for the relief of Mrs. Knox Wood, daughter and granddaughter of Zachary Taylor. Referred.

Senator Harris asked the unanimous consent of the Senate that he should provide for the construction of a hospital at Memphis, taken up, but Senator Hamilton objected.

Senator Wallace, from the committee on Appropriations, reported with amendments the House bill to provide for the deficiency in the appropriations for the transportation of mails on the Star routes for the year ending June 30th, 1880. Ordered printed and placed on the calendar.

Senator Davis, of Illinois, from the Judiciary Committee, reported adversely the Senate bill to facilitate the transaction of business in the United States Supreme Court. Indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Senator Payard, the Senate took up and passed House bill to amend section 3,520 of the revised statutes.

At the expiration of the morning hour the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter.

Senator Logan spoke in opposition to the bill.

Following the conclusion of Senator Logan's argument, the Senate went into executive session, and when the doors were opened adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of War, requesting the appropriation of \$25,000 for the erection of buildings at San Antonio, Texas.

Also a message from the President, calling the attention of Congress to the claims of certain Spanish inhabitants of East Florida during the years 1812-18, generally known as the "East Florida" claims.

Certain miscellaneous business having been disposed of by the House, Mr. F. Wood, of New York, moved to discuss the measure for the relief of the defendant in bankruptcy and two years had elapsed after the judgment was rendered, and before application was made for leave to issue execution. It was held by the House that the judgment was lost by lapse of time, and the clerk was empowered to allow the execution to issue.

After the plea of not guilty was entered, it is too late to object to any further proceedings.

When there are several depositions, it is a continuous act and the parties may be indicted for the final act.

When a sufficient deposition is taken the defendant with taking one hat without specifying what kind of hat. It is not necessary in an indictment to specify the name of the person from whom they were received.

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NEW YORK DEMOCRATS.

A Project for Harmonizing the Party throughout the State.

NEW YORK, February 29.—For some weeks past there have been vague rumors of a political move in the effect that a new scheme was in course of preparation, having for its object the unification and harmonizing of the Democratic party throughout the State.

It was announced this city yesterday of a number of the "statesmen" from Albany called for a meeting to discuss something like a sober, kind invitation to the recognized leaders and wise men of the party meet in Albany at an early day for consultation. It is stated that the plan would have been developed in detail before now but for the fact that the Kings county delegation, which is recognized now as one of the most important factors in State politics, have been backward in defining their opinions or position. The change of front recently made by the Kings county delegation, and its enthusiastic advocacy of Hancock for President is commented upon as a very significant fact in connection with the question now before the party.

Among other things Senator Sixty was asked if he knew anything definite on the subject, and he replied that the course suggested would be adopted, and during the coming week.

Supreme Court Decisions.—(Digested for the News by W. M. Busbee, Attorney at Law.)

SMITH, C. J.: North Carolina Railroad Company vs. the Commissioners of Alamance County et al. Affirmed.

Application for an injunction to restrain the defendants from assessing and levying taxes on plaintiffs property as provided in the act of March 18th, 1879, was refused.

The exactness so palpably unconstitutional as to call for interference at this preliminary stage in arresting all action in the enforcement of the act.

An act, though of doubtful constitutionality, will not be so declared upon a preliminary restraining order.

When the taxes are levied and a perpetual injunction issued to forbid the collection, the plaintiff's rights can be fully protected by the constitutional question presented.

Ex-parte evidence upon a preliminary hearing will not be passed upon by the court.

The retrospective features of an act are not fatal to its validity when the act is a law of general application, and not a law of special application.

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CURIOUS, CRUEL CRIME.

A SHOCKING STORY FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

A Respectable Farmer cuts His Brother's, His Brother's Wife's and His Own Throat.

By Telegraph to the News.—COLUMBIA, S. C., March 3.—Yesterday afternoon at Silver street, Newbury county, W. Speerman, a respectable and successful farmer entered his house and accosted his younger brother, who was just rising from the table, saying, "I want to speak to you brother," and simultaneously drew a large knife and made a slash at his brother's throat, cutting a terrible gash, severing the jugular vein and causing his death in a few moments. The slayer then rushed into the adjoining room and cut his wife's throat from ear to ear. He then lifted the bloody knife and deliberately cut his own throat. It is supposed he was laboring under temporary mental derangement.

One of the most curious cases of insanity has been reported from the same county. A man, who was a member of the party meet in Albany at an early day for consultation. It is stated that the plan would have been developed in detail before now but for the fact that the Kings county delegation, which is recognized now as one of the most important factors in State politics, have been backward in defining their opinions or position. The change of front recently made by the Kings county delegation, and its enthusiastic advocacy of Hancock for President is commented upon as a very significant fact in connection with the question now before the party.

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